



Report from HEP2003, International Europhysics Conference on High Energy Physics (EPS)

(July 17th-23rd 2003) in Aachen, Germany



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Overview



- Prompt Photons.
- Factorization in Photoproduction?
- Neutrino Status.
- Neutrino Cosmophysics.



Overview



- Prompt Photons.
- Factorization in Photoproduction?
- Neutrino Status.
- Neutrino Cosmophysics.
- Pentaquarks!



And now to...

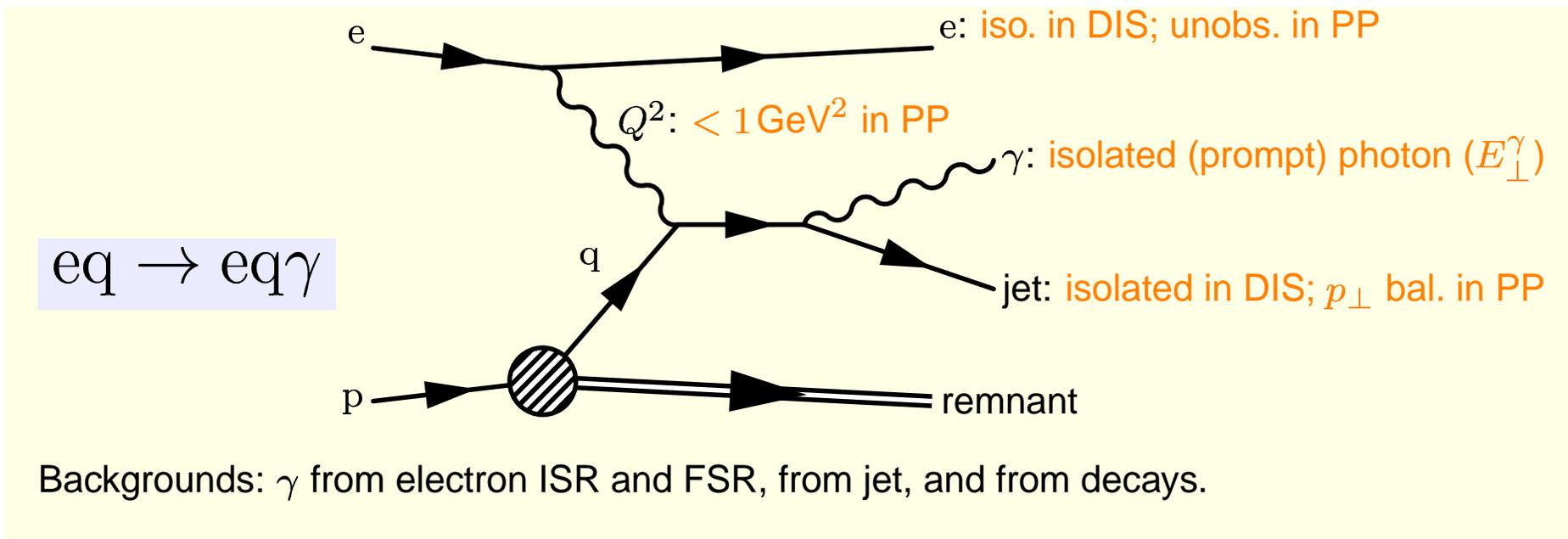
Prompt Photons



Prompt photons at HERA



Inclusive and $\gamma + \text{jet}$ ('96-'00 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{L} > 100\text{pb}^{-1}$):

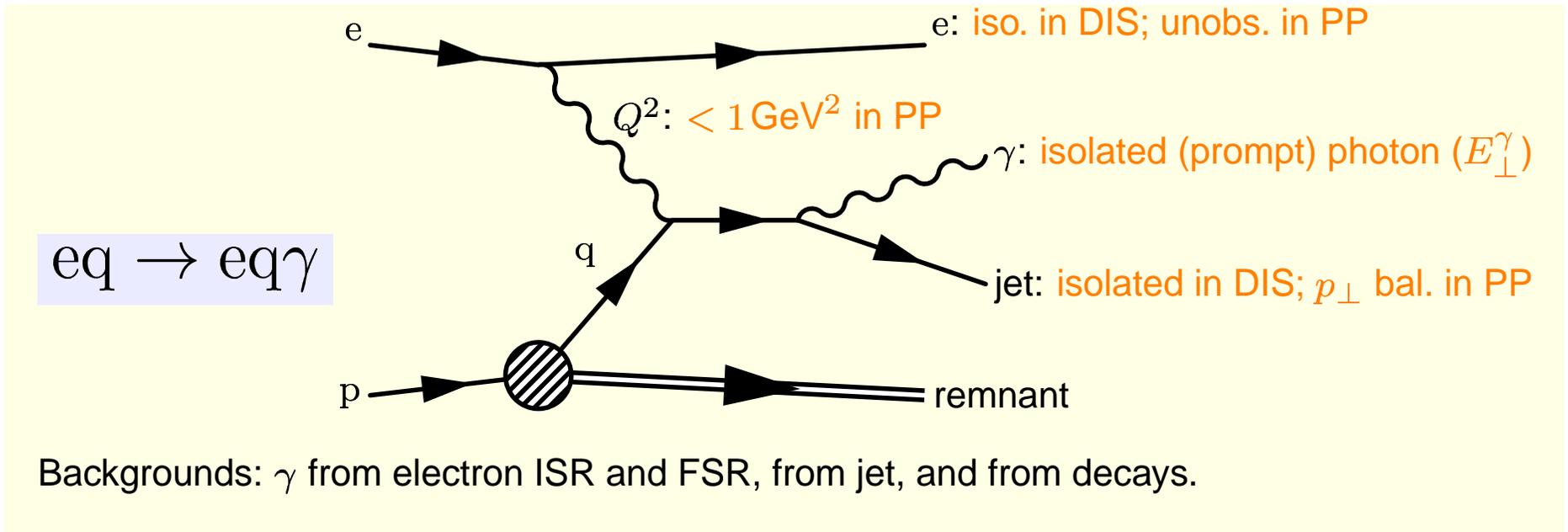




Prompt photons at HERA



Inclusive and γ + jet ('96-'00 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{L} > 100\text{pb}^{-1}$):



- **DIS:** First observation by ZEUS (+ comparison to MC and NLO).
- **Photoproduction:** New results from H1 (+ comparison to NLO)



Prompt photons at HERA



DIS:

- PYTHIA and HERWIG differ on γ + jet. Neither gives a good description. Room for work?
- NLO calculations (Kramer & Spiesberger) agree better on rates and general trends.

Photoproduction:

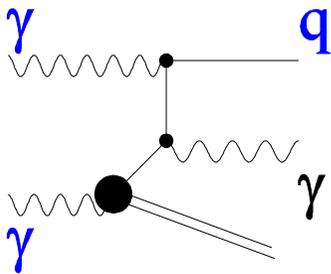
- Inclusive: well described by NLO (Fontannaz et al) and shapes by PYTHIA.
- γ + jet well described by NLO (with multiple interactions a la PYTHIA).



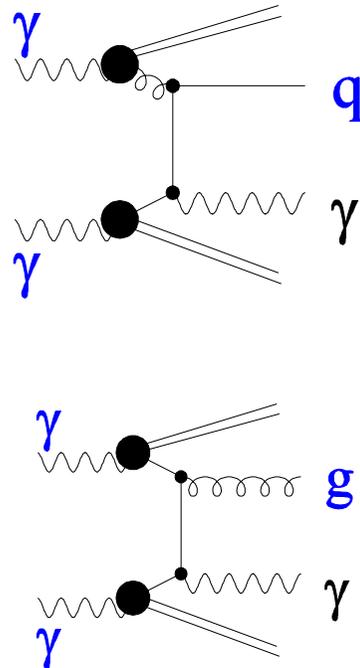
Prompt photons at LEP ($\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma X$)



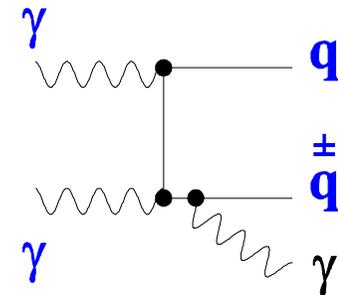
OPAL experiment



Single-resolved process



Double-resolved process



Direct process with FSR

(suppressed by isolation)

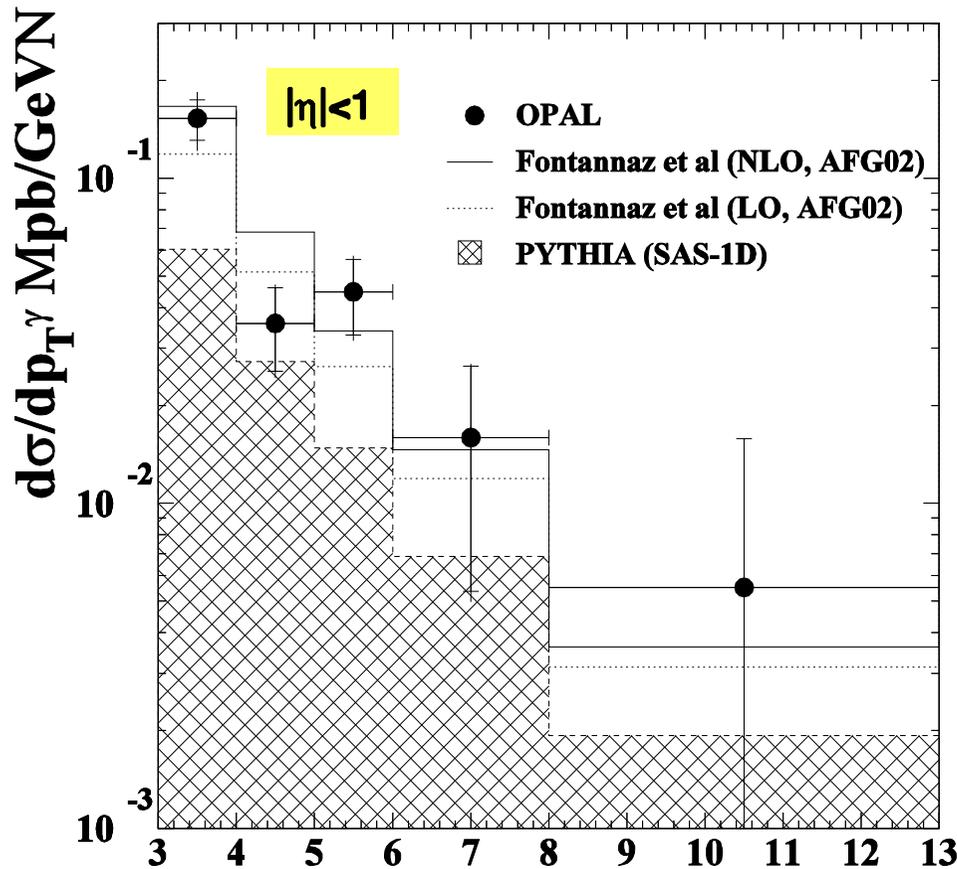
- After selection: 137 events in data. (CERN-EP/2003-023)



Prompt photons at LEP ($\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma X$)



- Total and diff. cross sections:



$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 0.32 \pm \underbrace{0.04}_{\text{stat}} \pm \underbrace{0.04}_{\text{sys}} \text{ pb.}$$

PYTHIA describes the shape, but is a bit low.

NLO agrees in shape and normalization.



And now to...

Factorization in Photoproduction?



Dijets and factorization breaking



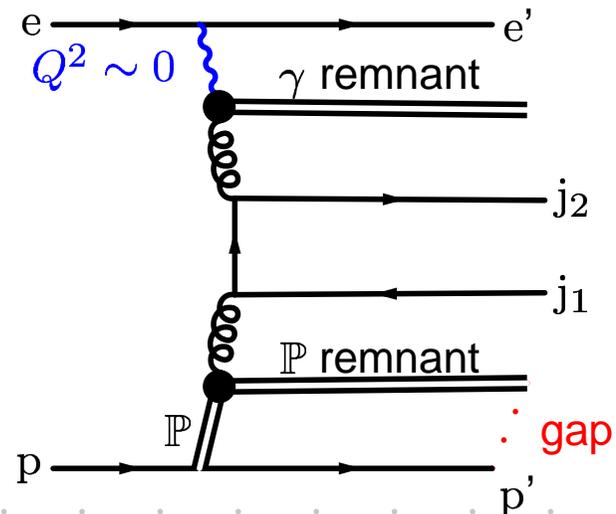
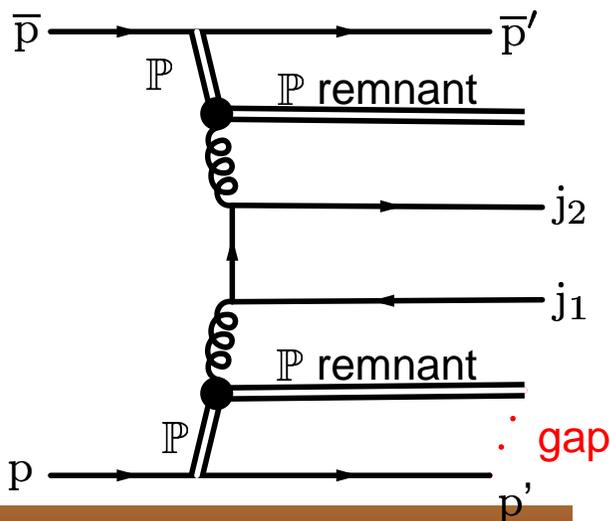
- **The problem:** HERA pdf's used for diffractive dijets (w/ tagged \bar{p}) at Tevatron \implies cross section 1 order of mag. above data!
- **Due to presence of second hadron in initial state?**
(spectator interactions break up the \bar{p} , \implies "rapidity gap survival probability")



Dijets and factorization breaking



- **The problem:** HERA pdf's used for diffractive dijets (w/ tagged \bar{p}) at Tevatron \implies cross section 1 order of mag. above data!
- **Due to presence of second hadron in initial state?** (spectator interactions break up the \bar{p} , \implies "rapidity gap survival probability")
- **If that is the reason \implies HERA pdf's ought to fail for photoproduction.** (VMD photon \sim hadron)



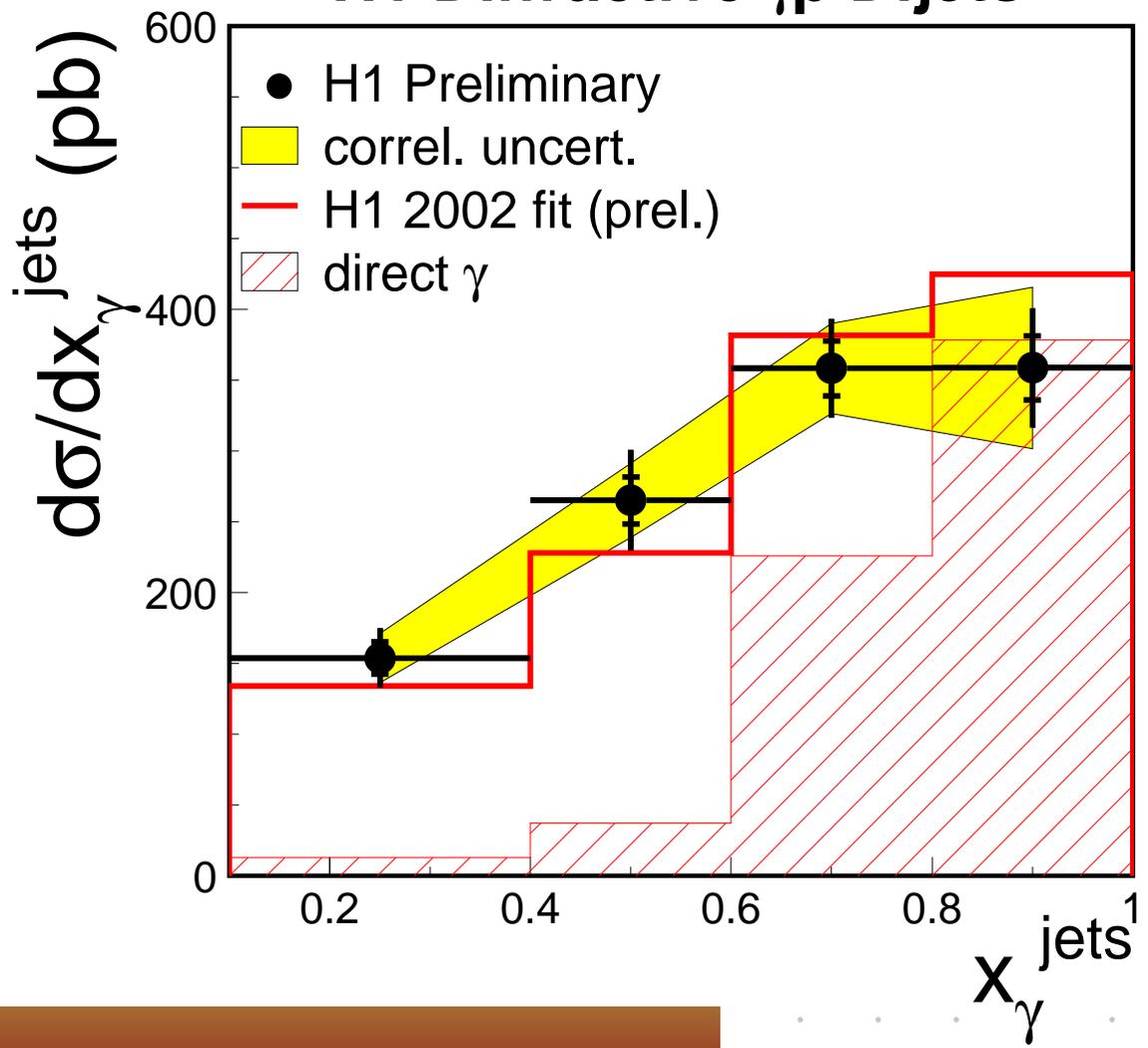


Factorization in Photoproduction?



But:

H1 Diffractive γp Dijets



New (2002) fit describes data!

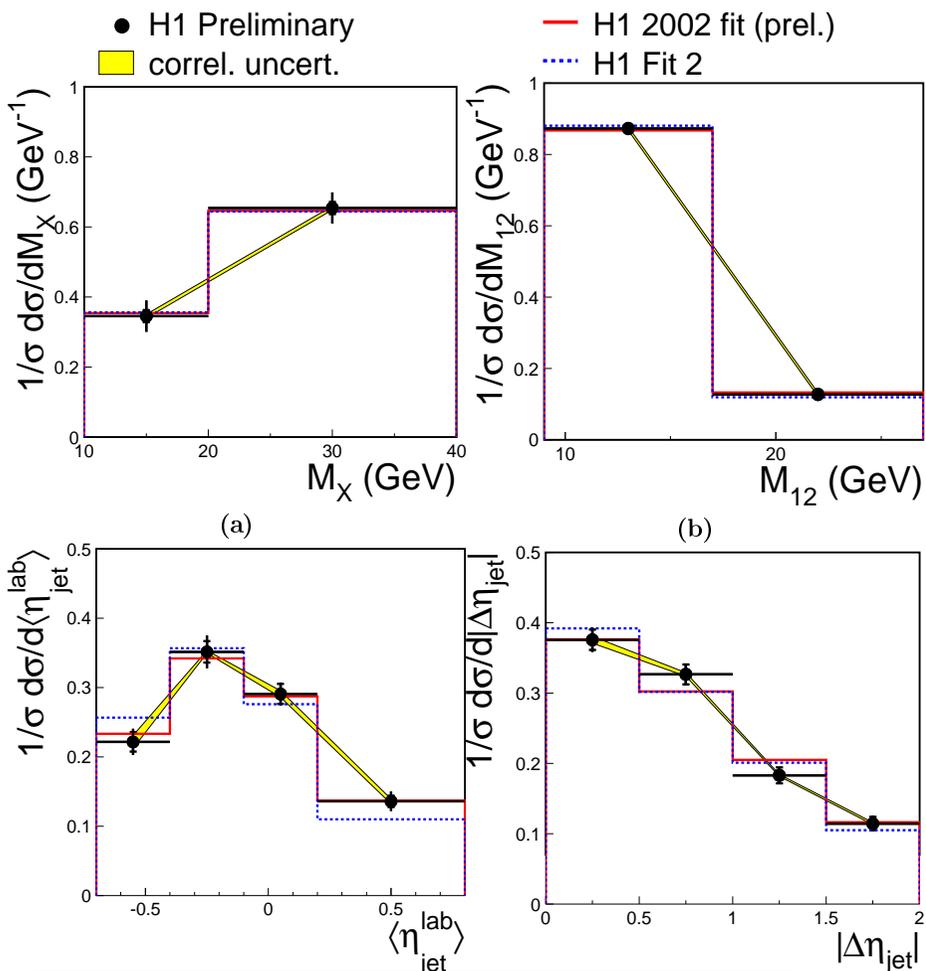


Factorization in Photoproduction?



● Shapes (cross sections normalized):

H1 Diffractive γp Dijets



Also well described!

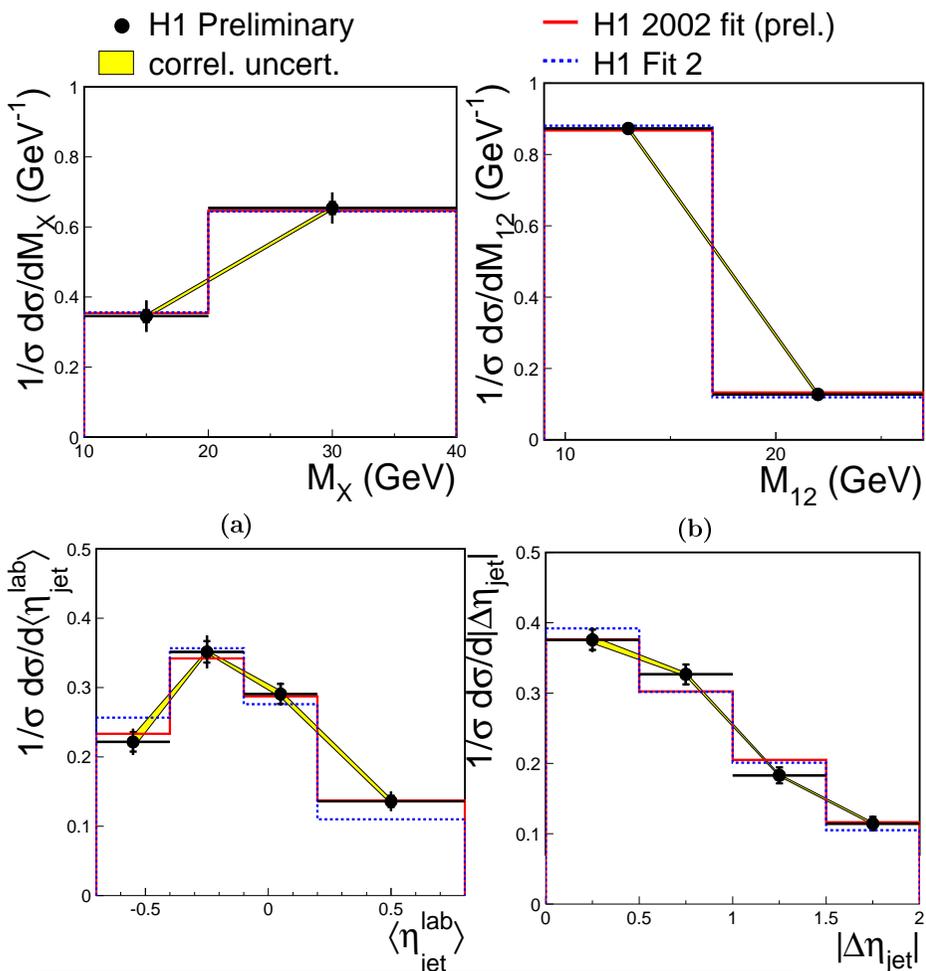


Factorization in Photoproduction?



● Shapes (cross sections normalized):

H1 Diffractive γp Dijets



Also well described!

⇒ Factorization works in (resolved) photoproduction?!



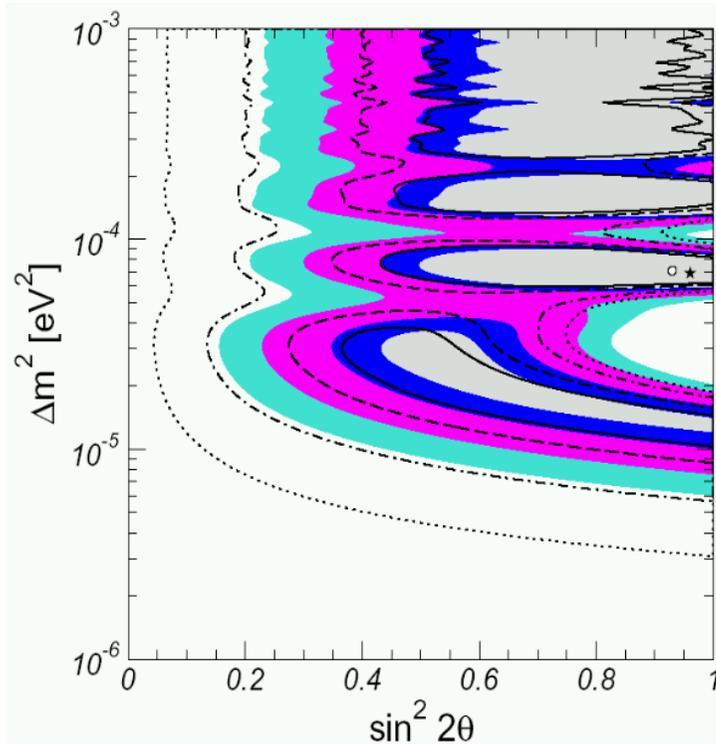
And now to...

Neutrino Physics

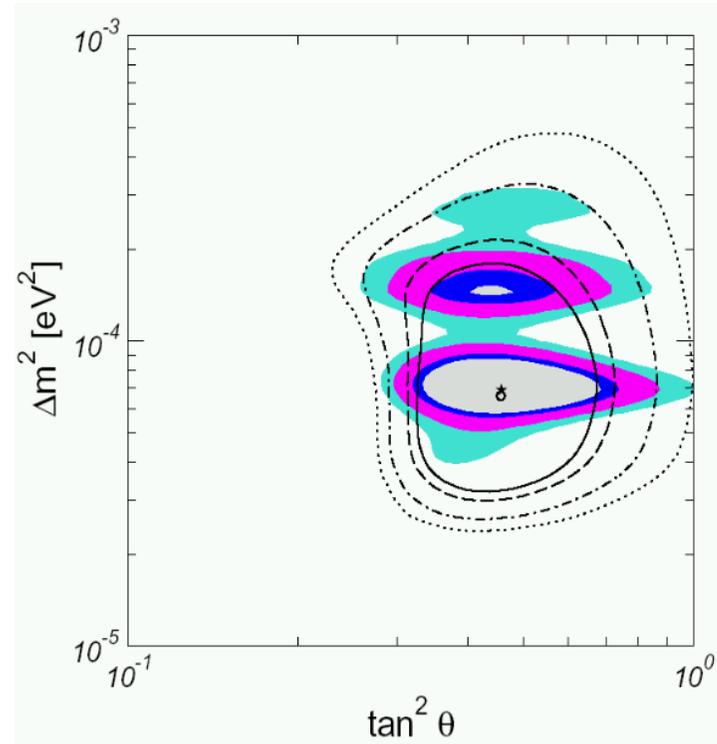


The Solar Neutrino Anomaly

- December 2002: first KAMLAND results.
(Phys.Rev.Lett.90:021802,2003), see also (hep-ph/0212129)



KAMLAND only



Chooz + KAMLAND + solar

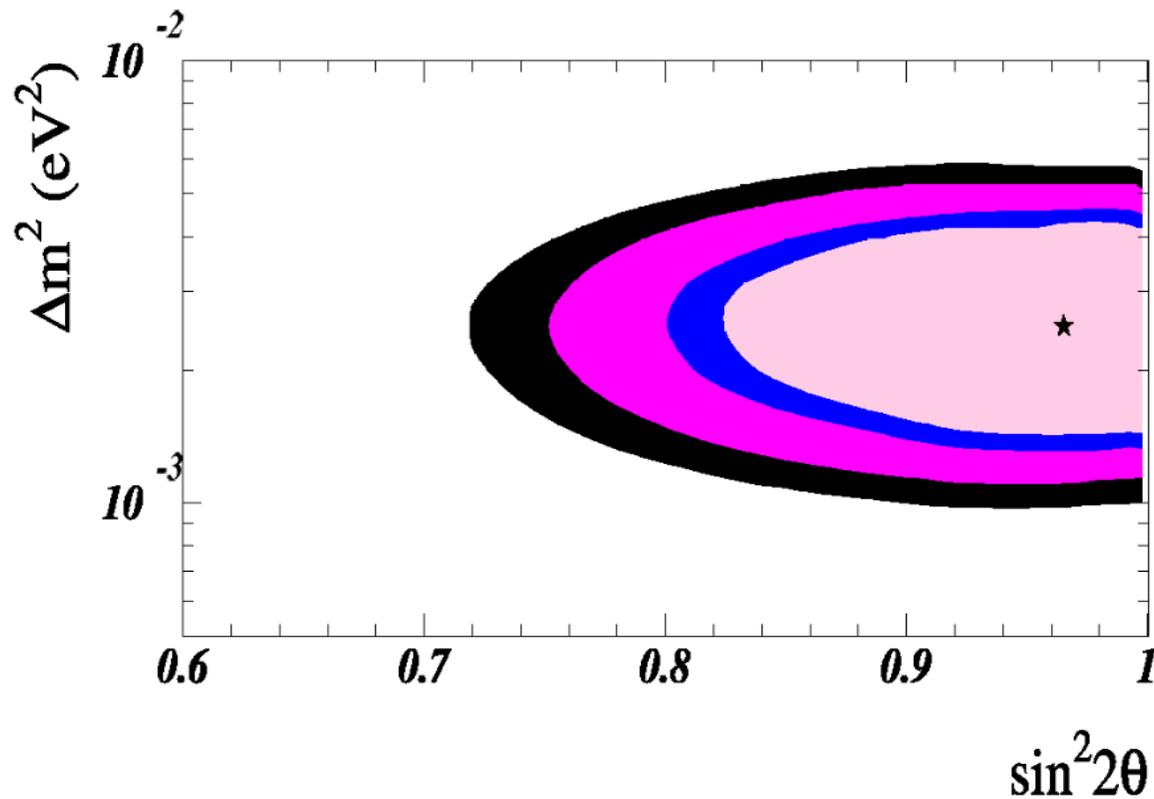
- ⇒ Remaining part of low Δm^2 parameter space excluded.



The Atmospheric Neutrino Anomaly



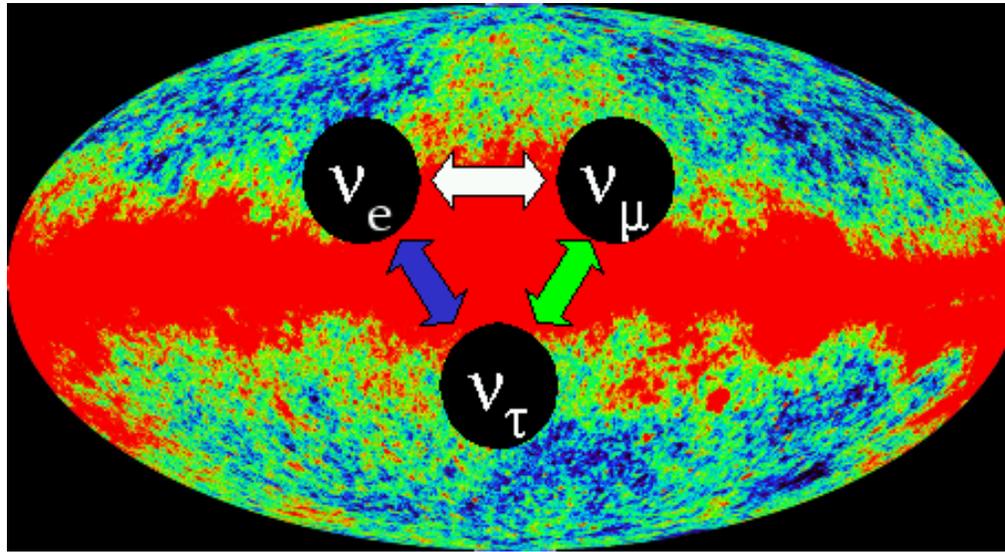
● Status: (hep-ph/0205216)



Super-K + IMB + Soudan2 + MACRO + Chooz



Neutrino Cosmophysics



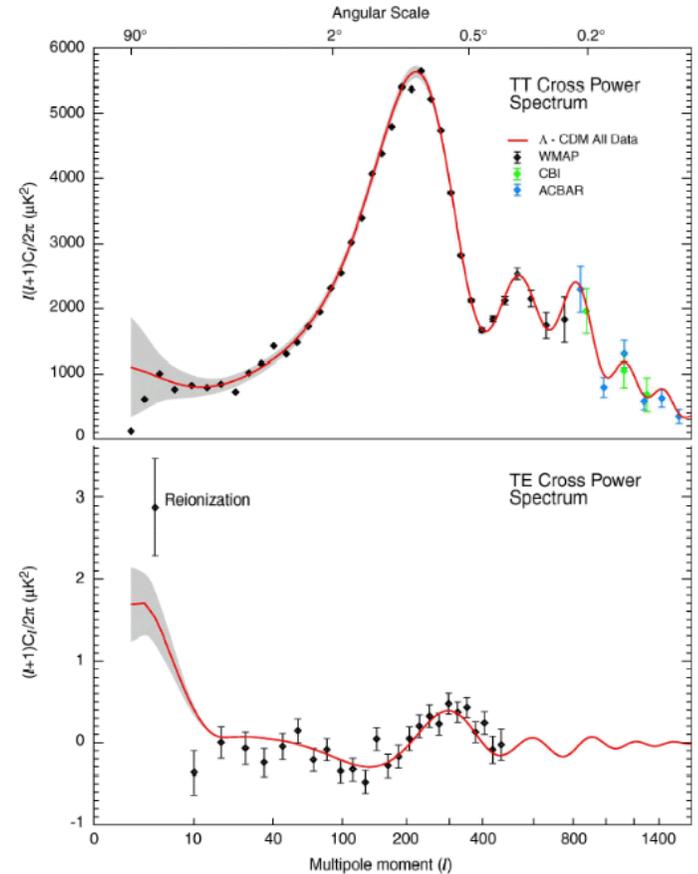
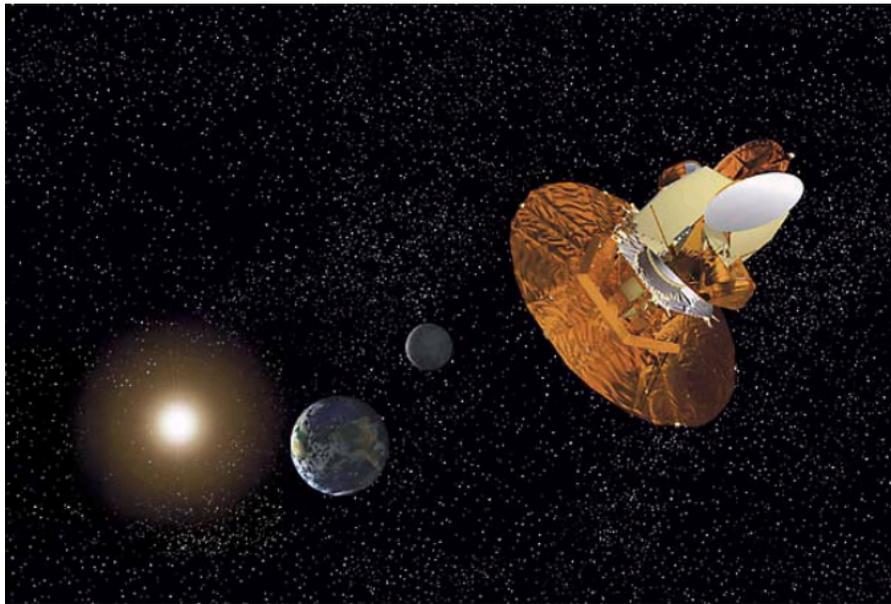
- CMB and large scale structure are sensitive to **absolute** neutrino masses.
- May '02: 2dF Galaxy redshift survey results.
- Feb. '03: WMAP results.



Wilkinson Microwave Anisotropy Probe



● **WMAP:** Measuring the CMB fluctuations.



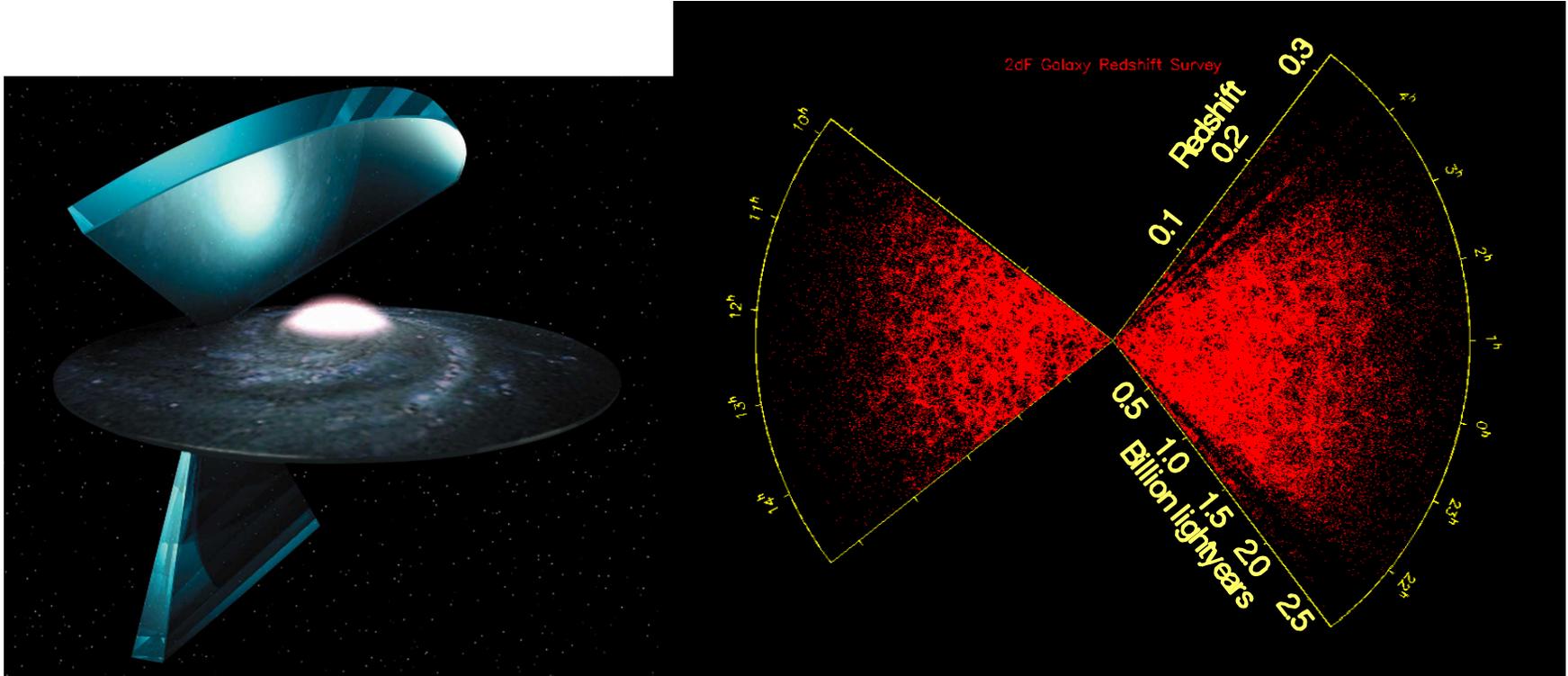
● + Balloons (Boomerang, TopHat), Interferometers (CBI, DASI), and Planck (2007).



The 2dF survey and beyond



- Redshifts of 250.000 galaxies in 2° “wedge”.

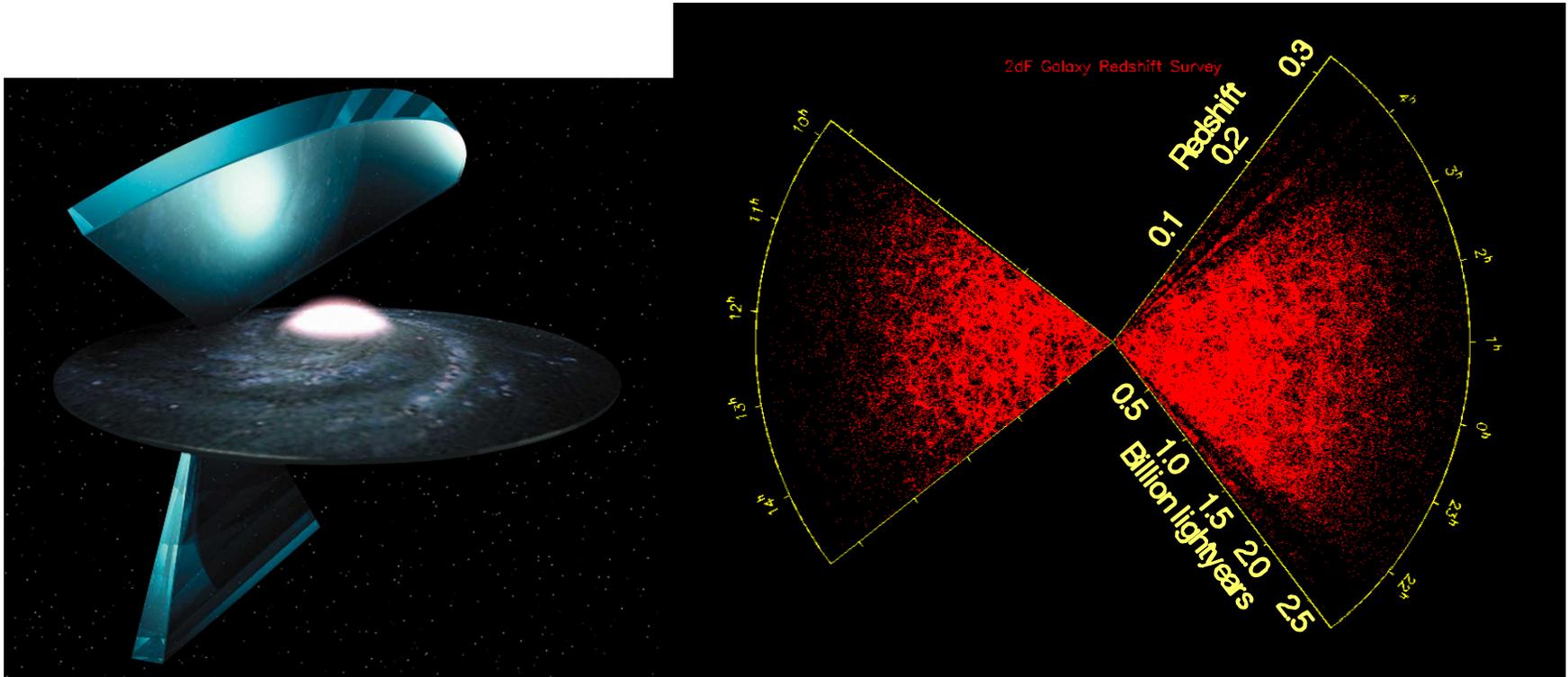




The 2dF survey and beyond



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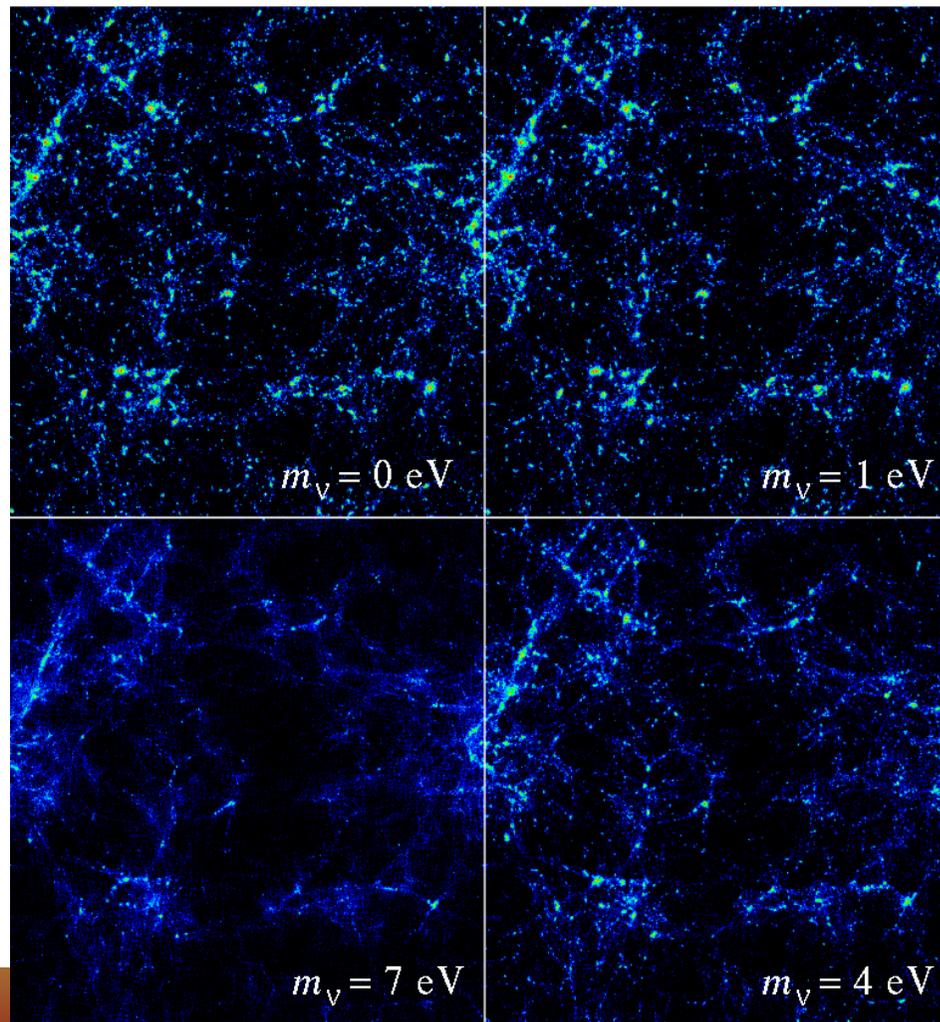
- + SSDS (1M galaxies!) (ongoing).



2dF, WMAP, and ν masses



- Free-streaming (massive) neutrinos affect survival of small-scale fluctuations, below $d_{FS} \sim 1200 \text{ Mpc}/m_{eV}$



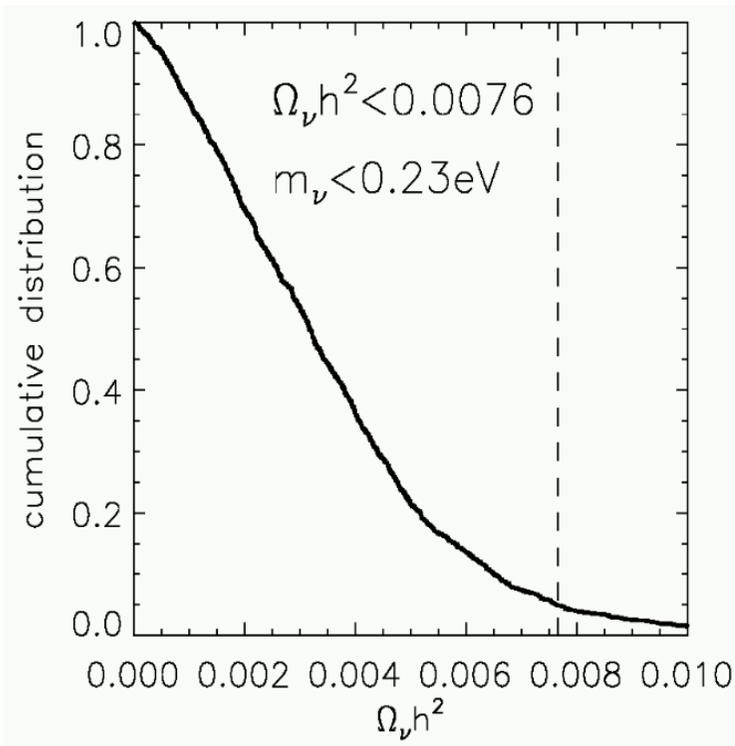
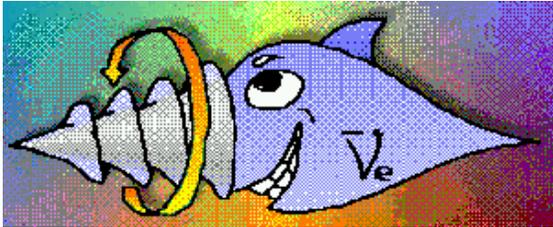
(see also
[astro-ph/9904001](https://arxiv.org/abs/astro-ph/9904001))



Neutrino mass bounds



- The MAINZ tritium β decay experiment: 1998 - 2001.
- Latest update: $m_\nu \leq 2.2 \text{ eV}$



- WMAP + 2dF + Ly α data
- [astro-ph/0302209](#):
 $m_\nu \leq 0.23 \text{ eV}$



And now to...

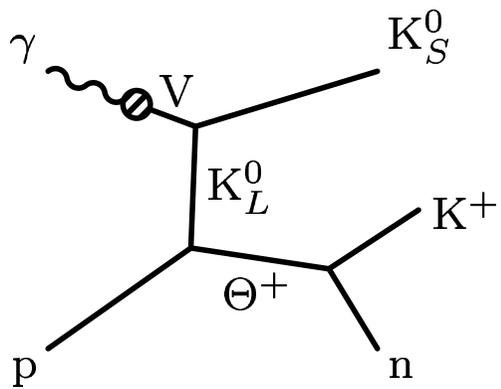
PENTAQUARKS!



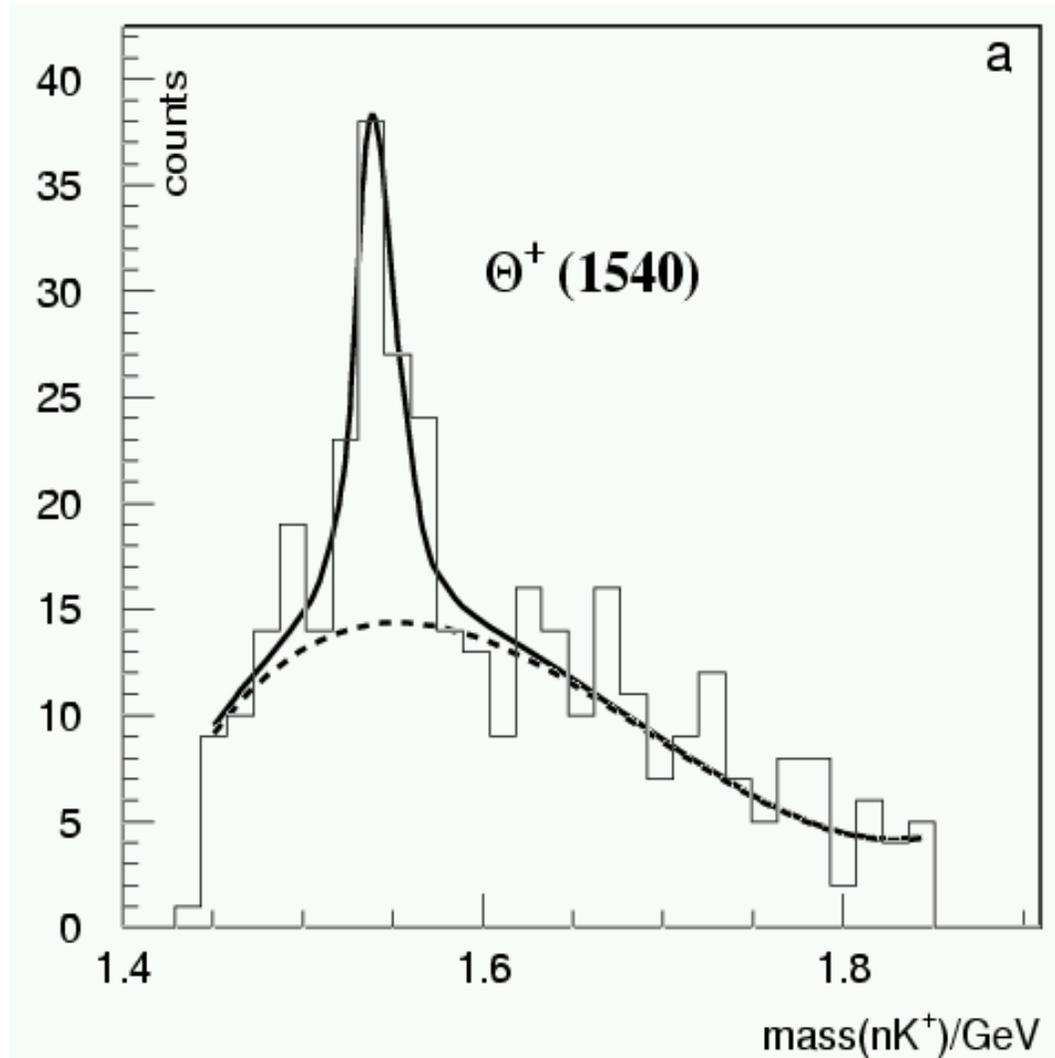
Pentaquarks: how to find them



- Spring-8
(LEPS) nK^+ in $\gamma^{12}\text{C} \rightarrow K^+K^-X$.
with cuts to select quasi-free neutrons and with correction for Fermi motion.
- DIANA
(ITEP) pK_S^0 in low-energy $K^+Xe \rightarrow K^0pXe$.
Since no known Σ^* at 1540 MeV, signal interpreted as Θ^+ .
- CLAS
(JLAB) nK^+ in $\gamma d \rightarrow nK^+K^-(p)$.
Poor acceptance. Relying on rescattering of the K^- off the spectator proton.
- SAPHIR
(ELSA) nK^+ in $\gamma p \rightarrow nK^+K_S^0$.
+ absence of pK^+ peak in $\gamma p \rightarrow pK^+K^-!$



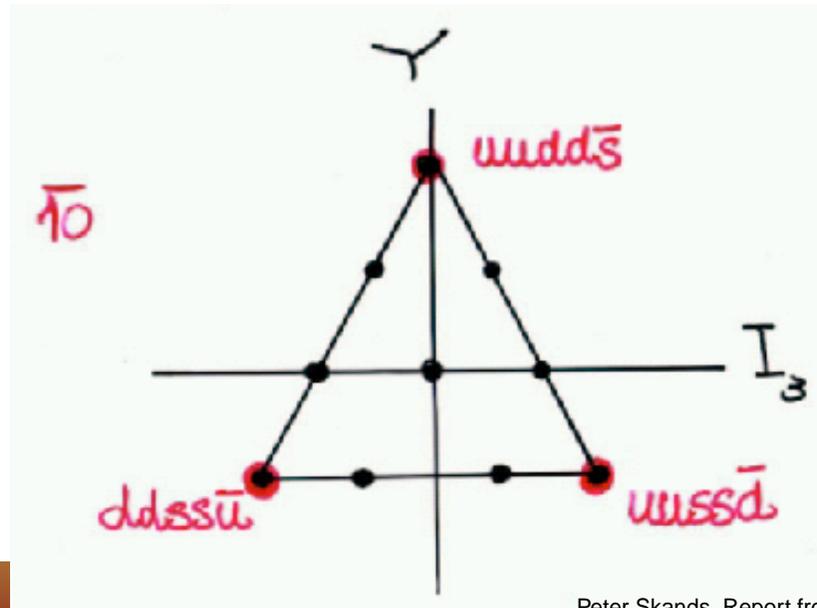
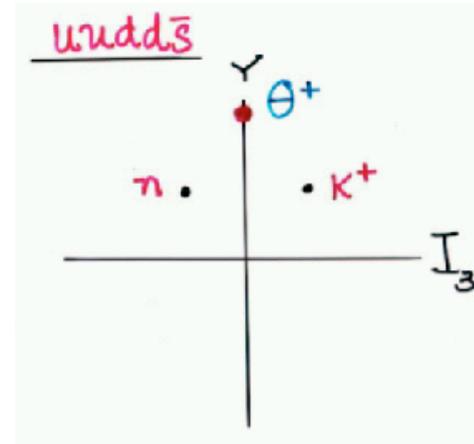
$\sigma \sim 300\text{nb}$





So what *are* these things?

- Minimal Θ^+ content: $uudd\bar{s}$
- $Y = 2$
- $I_3 = 0$
- Total I ?
No K^+_p partner, so $I = 0$ (?)

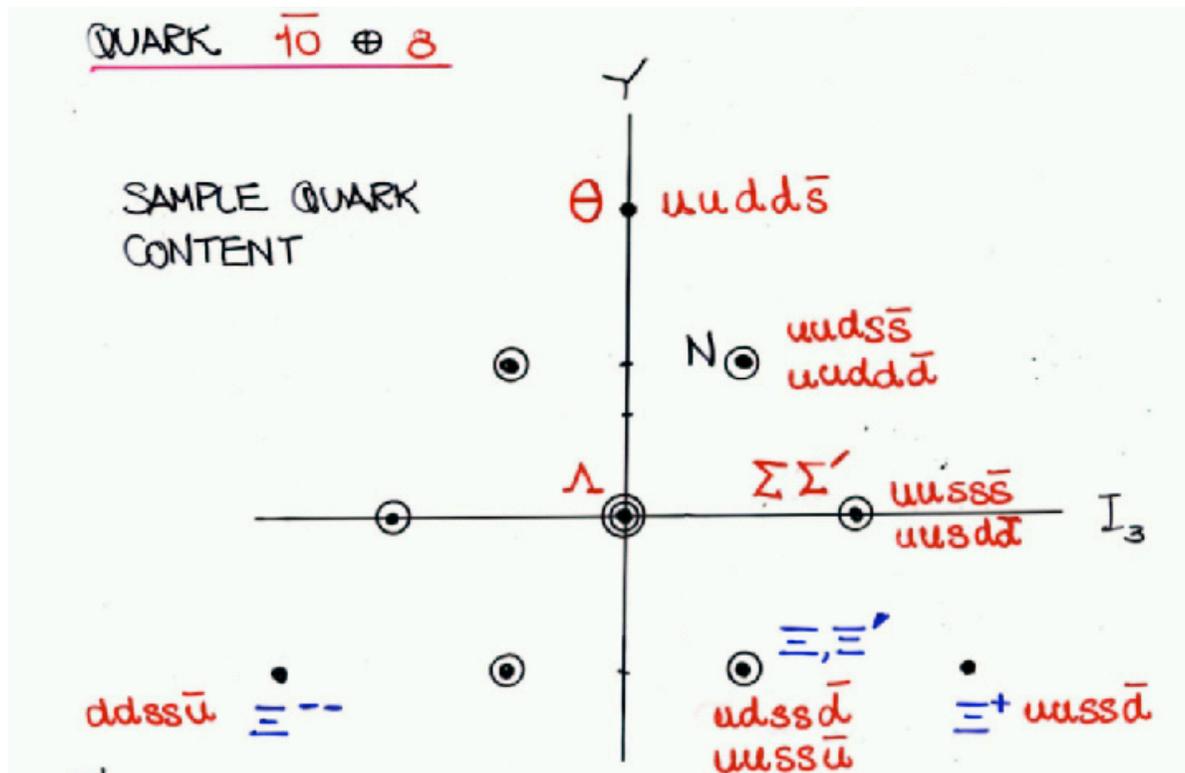




Pentaquarks from quark models?



- Minimal Θ^+ content: $uudd\bar{s}$
- Negative parity! (for S wave)



- Many states, some even lighter than Θ^+ !



Pentaquarks from (di)quark models?



- More dynamics included in picture with quark pairs in $(\bar{\mathbf{3}}_F, \bar{\mathbf{3}}_C)$ bosonic states with short-range repulsion?
- If so, imagine bound states of 2 diquarks and one antiquark.
- Overall singlet \implies diquarks antisymmetric in colour \implies repulsion \implies spatial antisymmetry preferred \implies p-wave \implies **positive parity.**
- Same mass pattern as in ordinary quark model, but **different parity predicted.** (+ good candidates for many of the required states — the annoying Roper!?!?)



Skyrme phenomenology (hep-ph/0308114 + references)

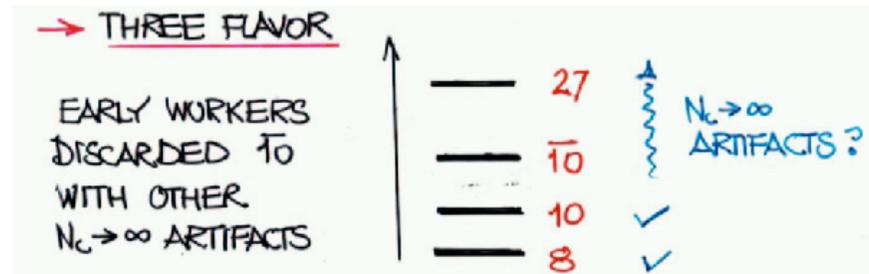
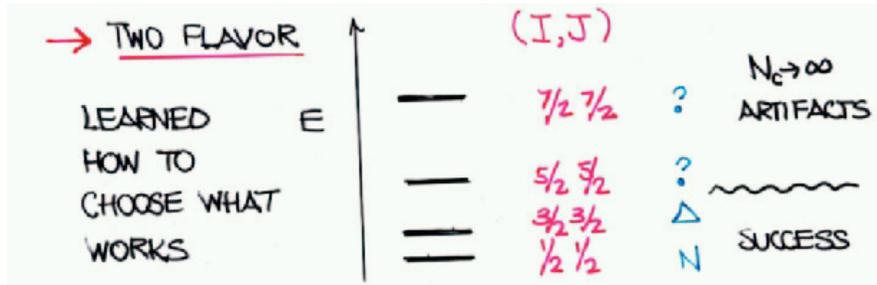
- Formally integrate out gluons from QCD.
- Approximate resulting (chirally symmetric) non-local quark theory by simple, quartic quark interactions.
- Skyrme Model ($N_c \rightarrow \infty$) and Chiral Quark Model, both devised to describe low-energy meson physics.
- However, **baryons** arise as **soliton solutions**, a nontrivial (hedgehog) *classical* configuration of the pion field.
- Allowed baryon representations (triality zero):
8, 10, $\overline{10}$, 27, 35, $\overline{35}$, ...



Skyrme phenomenology



- So **Baryon number = topological quantum number of pion field.**
- But Skyrme phenomenology has a mixed record:



- Some took it seriously...

Praszalowicz 1987: $M(\Theta^+) = 1530 \text{ MeV!}$

Diakonov, Petrov, Polyakov 1997: $M(\Theta^+) = 1580 \text{ MeV}$, influenced experimenters.

- NB: $\bar{10}$ mass quite sensitive to parameters, mass *splittings* much better “predicted”, since same (to LO) as in non-exotic multiplets.



Pentaquarks



Conclusions:

- Evidence for positive-strangeness exotic “baryon” at $M_{\Theta^+} = 1540 \text{ MeV}$.
- The battle is raging: constituent quark vs. soliton vs. quasi-molecular interpretations of light baryons.
- Important to check parity.
- Important to check for other states. Quark models always have an extra exotic octet, soliton models don't.
- All theories welcome at <http://arxiv.org/uploads>.